2025-2026 年度「一人一花計劃」 通告

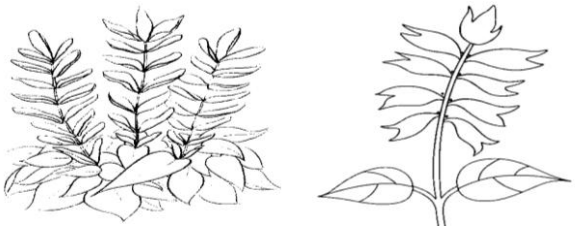
本校已參與康文署舉辦 之「一人一花計劃」。康文署將為本校每位學生免費提供「一串紅」的花苗，希望透過此計劃向學生及家長推廣綠化意識及培養他們對種植的興趣和環保意識；而且種植更是一種怡情養性，令人身心舒暢的活動，也可促進幼兒語言表達能力。

當收到「一串紅」花苗時，請家長協助子女將花苗移植於較大的環保花盆內栽種，並請家長替學生與「一串紅」盆栽合照，並上載於下列連結，凡遞交者**均獲嘉許狀**。

敬希家長和學生積極參與，鼓勵運用環保物料製作花盆。種植過程中，可訓練幼兒的觀察力、耐性及思考植物生長的需要。如在種植過程中植物已枯萎，家長**請勿購買植物**代替或帶其它品種的植物回校，讓幼兒體驗種植的過程及享受箇中樂趣。

有關一人一花計劃---種植示範、收花苗注意事項及「一串紅」資料單張影片可瀏覽下列康文署網址：

https://www.lcsd.gov.hk/tc/green/education/greeningschool/one.html



〔認識一串紅和種植小貼士〕

一串紅（學名：*Salvia splendens*），又名**西洋紅**或**爆竹紅**，是一種常見的觀賞性植物。它以其鮮豔的穗狀花序而聞名，花色多為火紅色，但也有紫色、粉紅色、白色及雙色等栽培品種。

1. 澆水前用手指觸摸泥土

澆水相隔的時間受天氣、環境和季節影響，所以無特定時間表。最簡單判斷應否澆水的方法是檢查泥土乾濕度，再決定是否需要澆水。

在檢查泥土乾濕度時，可以直接用手指摸一下泥土，或者以眼睛觀察，濕泥會較深色，乾泥則較淺色，當泥土轉乾時就可以澆水。

2. 避免陽光猛烈直射盆栽

初上盆的小苗要放在半陰的地方，約一星期後可以移到較光猛的地方（如家裏的窗台、露台、有散射光的地方）。記住要避免放在陽光猛烈直射的地方。

3. 摘除頂芽可助增加分枝

一串紅一般可以有 30 至 90 厘米的高度，當小苗生長到約 10 至 12 厘米的時候，就需摘除頂芽（俗稱摘心）以增加分枝。其後可因應小苗的生長情況，重複將其他分枝頂芽摘除，以增加花蕾數目。

4. 施肥前於泥土四周開小洞

如想植物快高長大，可以補充適當肥料。在移苗前，預先把肥料放在花盆底的泥土內。或是每三、四星期補充肥料一次，在施肥前，可以在花盆的泥土四周開一些小洞，再把肥料放進去，之後以泥土覆蓋好。

詳情如下：

派發花苗日期　：2025 年 11 月 19 日(星期三)至 2025 年 11 月 25 日(星期二)

種植期　：2025 年 11 月 25 日至 2026 年 2 月 2 日(星期一)

上載花卉相片日期　：2026 年 2 月 2 日(星期一)至 2026 年 2 月 10 日(星期二)

請上載相片至以下連結: https://forms.gle/N1uCKC5pJ4neGe9A8

順德聯誼總會
屯門梁李秀娛幼稚園
2025 年 11 月 19 日

2025-2026 “One Person, One Flower Scheme” Notice

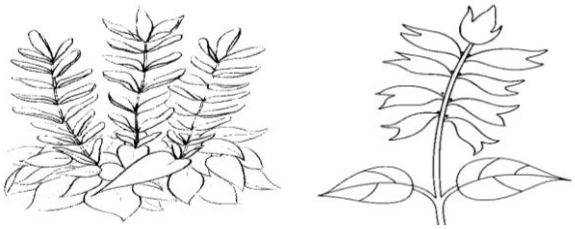
Our school has participated in the “One Person, One Flower Scheme” organized by the Leisure and Cultural Services Department(LCSD). The LCSD will provide free seedlings of "Scarlet Sage" to every student in our school. It is hoped that through this program, environmental awareness of greening will be promoted among students and parents, and their interest in planting and environmental protection awareness will be cultivated. Moreover, planting is a relaxing activity that nurtures one's temperament and brings physical and mental comfort; it can also enhance young children's language expression ability.

When you receive the "Scarlet Sage" seedlings, please assist your children in transplanting the seedlings into larger environmentally friendly flower pots for cultivation. Also, please take a photo of your child with the "Scarlet Sage" potted plant and upload it to the following link. All those who submit will receive **a certificate of commendation**.

We hope that parents and students will actively participate and are encouraged to use environmentally friendly materials to make flower pots. During the planting process, children's observation skills, patience, and thinking about the needs of plant growth can be trained. If the plant withers during the planting process, please **do not buy a replacement plant** or bring other varieties of plants to school. Let children experience the planting process and enjoy the fun involved.

Information about the "One Person, One Flower" project—including videos of planting demonstrations, precautions for collecting flower seedlings, and information leaflets on " Scarlet Sage "—can be viewed on the following Leisure and Cultural Services Department website:

https://www.lcsd.gov.hk/tc/green/education/greeningschool/one.html



〔Understanding Scarlet Sage and Planting Tips〕

Scarlet sage (scientific name: *Salvia splendens*), also known as common sage (firecracker red), is a common ornamental plant. It is famous for its bright spike-like inflorescences. The flower color is mostly bright red, but there are also cultivated varieties in purple, pink, white and bicolor.

1. Touch the soil with your fingers before watering

The interval between waterings is affected by weather, environment and seasons, so there is no specific schedule. The simplest way to judge whether watering is needed is to check the moisture of the soil and then decide whether watering is necessary.

When checking the moisture of the soil, you can directly touch the soil with your fingers or observe with your eyes. Wet soil will be darker, while dry soil will be lighter. You can water when the soil turns dry.

2. Avoid intense direct sunlight on potted plants

Newly potted seedlings should be placed in a semi-shaded area. After about a week, they can be moved to a brighter location (such as a window sill, balcony, or a place with scattered light in the home). Remember to avoid placing them in areas with intense direct sunlight.

3. Removing the terminal bud helps increase branching

Scarlet sage can generally reach a height of 30 to 90 centimeters. When the seedlings grow to about 10 to 12 centimeters, it is necessary to remove the terminal bud (commonly known as pinching) to increase branching. Afterwards, depending on the growth of the seedlings, you can repeatedly remove the terminal buds of other branches to increase the number of flower buds.

4. Dig small holes around the soil before fertilizing

If you want the plants to grow quickly, you can add appropriate fertilizers. Before transplanting the seedlings, put the fertilizer in the soil at the bottom of the flower pot in advance. Or you can add fertilizer every three to four weeks. Before fertilizing, you can dig some small holes around the soil in the flower pot, put the fertilizer in, and then cover it with soil.

Details as follows:

Date of seedling distribution: 19 November 2025 (Wednesday) to 25 November 2025 (Tuesday)
Planting period: 25 November 2025 to 2 February 2026 (Monday)
Date for uploading flower photos: 2 February 2026 (Monday) to 10 February 2026 (Tuesday)

Please upload photos to the following link: https://forms.gle/N1uCKC5pJ4neGe9A8

Shun Tak Fraternal Association
Tuen Mun Leung Lee Sau Yu Kindergarten
19 November 2025